ARCHRISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

THE FURST OF THE SEVEN "ESSAYS AND RE-

London, Oct. 25 .- The Right Hon, and the

Right Rev. Dr. Frederick Temple, Bishop of

Archbishop of Canterbury and Primate of all

England, in room of the Right Hon, and Most

Rev. Edward White Benson, who died suddenly

The new Archbishop of Canterbury is the son of

30, 1821, was educated at the Grammar School at

Tiverton, and, proceeding to Oxford, became scholar

of Balliol College and took his degree of B. A. in

18/2 as a double first-class. He was elected fellow

and mathematical tutor of his college, and, having

London, Provincial Dean of Canterbury

at Hawarden on October 11.

Exeter by Dr. Bickersteth.

CAMPAIGN IN AMERICA.

A TEUTONIC SUGAR RING-AMBASSADOR UHL EN

Berlin, Oct. 25.-The progress of the Presi-

dential election campaign in the United States

is watched here with the keenest interest

though more from a financial point of view than

with any idea of contrasting the social positions

occupied by the candidates. It is difficult, how-

ever, to get as yet, even from the leading news-

papers, which devote columns of space to the

mail conveying to Germans the developments of

the struggle in which so many millions of their

countrymen are interested, but few of the news-

papers here follow an intelligent line of argu-

ment in discussing the questions which the

The "Vossische Zeitung" publishes an arti-

cle notable from among the others in which it

embodies the general German notion of the

situation. In the course of the editorial the

paper says it is a rare thing in the political his-

ory of the United States that the Democrats

of the old school stand solidly together, shoul-

der to shoulder, with their old Republican op-

have consistently combated for years.

of formation, whose membership will consist of

400 German sugar manufacturers. This or-

ganization proposes to establish a central point

for the sale of the products of German sugar

Sir Frank Lascelles, British Ambassador to

which it was alleged was entered in the German

horseman, under the name of "Nellie Kneebs,"

and for which offence Kneebs is now under sentence of nine months' imprisonment and still in

exerting every effort to procure a speedy hearing confident that his release will immediately fol

PRINCE OF NAPLES AND HIS BRIDE PLACE A

WREATH UPON THE TOMB OF

VICTOR EMMANUEL

Miss Rachel Hoffman, who played Saint-Saëns's oncerto in G minor at Mr. Damrosch's concert in egie Hall last night, is a planist of whom the local public is likely to desire a better acquaint-She is a pupil of Dupont and has a superb and of the technics of pianoforte playing. won hearty recognition, and being called on for an additional piece played an octave study rilliantly. A splendid audience heard the concert, and Mrs. Bloodgood's singing was much enjoyed. Her voice is rich and warm, her musical selivery good, but she is afflicted with a painful

tering, on October 11. For years he was one of e most interesting figures in the musical life of vatory nor as admittedly one of the finest in the world, but as a composer. He the high priest of the extreme wing of the Wagnerites and extremely zealous were the efforts st composer after Wagner. In these efforts k no part, and was by nature a modest and carried him off, worked industriously at He had completed three of the four s that his "Te Deum" be incorporated in the ve two Ninth Symphonics with choral finales, Three of Bruckner's symphonies have been heard Cow-York. Mr. Walter Damrosch brought forard the third in D minor at a Symphony cont in the season 1885-1896; Mr. Thomas, the sev-h in E major in the season 1886-1887, and Mr. fourth in E flat, called "Romantic," in 1868. Neither of the works was favorably reseived by the local public. The "Te Deum" formed at the Cincinnati festival of May, 1852. In discussing it at the time The Tribune's reviewer

l fancy the name of Anton Bruckner would not be looked at in such a sidewise manner as it is in New-York if it had been introduced by his "Te Deum" instead of the three symphonies which have been brought forward there. When his most admired symphony, the seventh, was performed by the Philharmonie Society five seasons ago one-third of the audience left the concert-room after the second movement. The "Te Deum" would have held the attention of its hearers to the end. It is a work of remarkable originality and power, though neither the conservative nor the ultra-progressist will be likely to set it down as impecable. It is marked by some of the characteristics of his symphonic writing, especially by his fondness for pedal points and daring harmonies. Bruckner's boldness in this latter respect, indeed, sometimes leads him to be completely indifferent to one's ears.

the criticism of Bruckner's music, as in the laudaof his friends. How his compositions are tion of his friends. How his compositions are viewed by the anti-Wagner school may be read in the fact that some fifteen years ago, when one of his symphonies was performed by the Vienna Philharmonic Society. Dr. Hansilck, a fellow-professor at the Cienna University, in his criticism-printed in the "Neue Freie Presse," said that he had left the concert-room before the performance of the symphony because he "did not wish to be a witness of the room's description."

been giving at Sydenham under the direction of Mr. Manns, are no longer profitable and therefore are threatened with discontinuance or transfer to London. "Figure," of London, refuses to shed tears enent the prospect. It says:

Mr. Manns is not a genius, and has no magnetic personality. He is simply an able musician of sound and catholic taste and thoroughly conscientious. While his performances are in general quite satisfactory—accurate, intelligent and so forth—there is nothing in them to attract the general public, who want something exciting. The features of "encouraging" aspirants and students, and of producing novelies generally, which have characterized these concerts in the past, however enterprising and benevolent, do not attract public support. None but first-rate artists and compositions should appear at first-rate concerts. There is a well-known story which illustrates my meaning as regards Mr. Manns's conducting. A certain great painter was invited to pass

knew the melody as well as the words of "Ben Holt." wo years or so ago Mr. Hoffman printed a volume by Music" in which, of course, "Ben Bolt" inded. Afterward somebody told him he had or used the original tune of "Ben Bolt." Thereupon sent a note and a copy of the music to Du Maurier

New Grove House, Hempstead Heath,
Petruary 2, 1886.
Dear Sir: Many thanks for the Trilby music. You aske me proud Indeed. The tune you have put to Ben Bolt is the tune I meant. I didn't know there as another. Pray believe me very truly yours,
GEORGE IU. MAUDILED GEORGE DU MAURIER.

The Dannreuther Quartet will give three concerts this season in Chamber Music Hall, the dates being November 19, January 21 and March 11. Mrs. Gustav November 18, January 21 and March 11. Mrs. Gustav Dannreuther and Mr. Howard Brockway, planists, will assist the club, whose repertoire will consist of two new string quartets by Dvorak, op. 105 and 105, Schumann's String Quartet, op. 41, No. 2; Beethoven's, op. 19, No. 1; Haydn's, op. 71, No. 1; Beethoven's Trio, op. 8; Schutt's Planoforte Quartet, op. 12; Saint-Saen's Planoforte Quartet, op. 12; Saint-Saen's Planoforte Quartet, op. 13; Saint-Saen's Planoforte Quartet, op. 14, and Svendsen's String Quintet, op. 5.

hitherto unknown manuscript of Richard Wagner's in Zurich. It is called "Second Concert Overture," in Zurich. It is called "Second Concert Overture," and its composition dates back to the composer's pre-"Rienzi" period. It was in a bundle of documents belonging to the time of Waxner's residence in Zurich. The local orchestra has played it at a private meeting, but there are as yet no reports concerning it, and, indeed, it is seriously being questioned whether after all it may not be a concert overture in C. of which the manuscript is in the possession of Mme. Wagner, and which was played at a birth-day celebration in Bayreuth in 1873.

One of the professors of the Conservatory at St. Petersburg, in some reminiscences of Rubinstein recently published, states that if the director of the Imperial Theatre had not refused to bring forward his "Damon." Rubinstein would not have usited the United States in 1871. The opera had been finished half a year, and Rubinstein was extremely anxious to hear it. The hesitancy of the director distressed him greatly, and to cheer him up a bit some of his friends arranged a private performance of the first act and some other scenes with the help of amateur singers. Rubinstein played the accompaniments on the pianoforte and also the ballet music. One of the airs of the herone is sung in the opera from an elevation above the chorus. Rubinstein was eager to hear this effect and the singer, to oblige him, had to stand on a chair while she sang. Of all the representations of the herone that he heard the tomposer was most pleased with Mme. Albani. the Imperial Theatre had not refused to bring for-

News Notes - "The Wigard of the Nile" is enjoying a sensational success in Vienna. The receipts at a recent performance were reported to be as

THE INSULT TO CARLISLE.

A NATURAL CONSEQUENCE.

From The Indianapolis Journal.

It is a strange condition of public sentiment when the Secretary of the Treasury is denied the privi-ing of making an address to a public meeting upon the public finances, but it is a condition incident to the exaltation of such men as Aligeld, Tiliman and Bryan.

BRYAN'S RESPONSIBILITY.

From The St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Bryan cannot dodge responsibility for the outland. Right from the beginning of his campaign be has been trying to array element against element of the population and section against section. A DISGRACE TO COVINGTON.

From The Chicago Record.

The insult to Secretary Carlisle at Covington is cause for humiliation. It was a disgrace not only to those who actually committed the offence, but as well to the city in which such an affair was possible without effective interference from the authorities.

THE MORAL POINTED. The Baltimore Sun.

The people of the United States cannot afford to more such incidents or to view them simply as orinary compaign ebuilitions. They indicate a spirit of disorder and intolerance that is not only hostile to free institutions, but is at war with the fundamental principles of all law and government.

A GROSS AND WANTON INSULT.

From The Washington Post.

The inclient amounts to a blot upon the escucheon of a State heretofore noted for its chivalite character and tone. It is all the more shameful because a gross and wanton insult was offered, not easy to an American citizen exercising his right of the speech and independent thought, but to the oc-

ELECTION COMPLICATIONS.

NEW CONDITIONS THIS YEAR WHICH MAY DELAY THE COUNT.

IN CASE OF A LANDSLIDE EITHER WAY THE RE-SULT WILL BE KNOWN EARLY, BUT A

CERTAINTY FOR DAYS. Washington, Oct. 25.-The Presidential election of Tuesday, November 3, next will be held under conditions which have never before prevailed, and which will render the official Since the last Presidential contest almost very State which had not then adopted the Australian ballot system has by State enactment prescribed some form of secret blanket ballot, either based on the Australian plan or closely resembling it. The only exceptions are Georgia, Louisiana, North Carolina and South old open ballot system prevails, and the election machinery is in the hands of the State is called a "reform ballot," the avowed purpose of which is to restrict the votes of illiterate negroes. In nearly all the other States blanker ballots will be cast, and in many of them the count will be complicated by the fact that State, legislative and county nominations are printed on the same ballot with the names of velope system, and New-Jersey prints each party ticket upon a separate ballot.

Should the election be in any way close it is, therefore, quite possible that it may be twenty four hours or even forty-eight hours after the solute certainty. In States like Nebraska, for instance, where, according to conservative opinion, there may not be a margin of 5,000 votes correct judgment until all the back counties are heard from. The polls in the cities close at 4 p. m., but in the country districts keep open till 6 p. m., and with a Governor, a Legislature and county officers to elect, all on one ballot, it will take at least six hours to complete the votes in Ohio may be obtained from the result of the counties in which Cincinnati and Cleveland are respectively situated, and these results will probably be known comparatively earlier. The test of the State, it is anticipated, will go pretty much as it has done in previous Presidential be held at the Abyssinian Baptist Church, No. years. The doubtful points are Hamilton and

Chicago will control Illinois. There will no doubt of the outcome when the vote of Cook County is recorded. But in other doubtful States, like Indiana, Michigan and Kansas, where State and legislative tickets also complicate the ballots, there will probably be no keynote from which the result can be definitely determined on Tuesday night unless the election should prove a landslide. In that case midnight may give a clear idea who are the victors and who the vanquished. Otherwise there may e many hours of anxious suspense.

The last two Presidential elections have singularly free from uncertainty. It was known by 10 p. m. on Election Day in 1888 that Mr. Harrison had defeated Mr. Cleveland, and it was known with equal certainty at 11 p. m. on evening, with Colonel Ingersoll as the principal Election Day in 1892 that Mr. Cleveland had defeated Mr. Harrison. But in the election of 1884, when Mr. Cleveland defeated Mr. Blaine, the official result hung in doubt over the vote of

official result nump in doubt over the too of New-York for days.

The fusion tickets will add a further element of difficulty in the Presidential count this year. Fusion has been arranged between the Populists and the Democratic on the electoral ticket in every Democratic State but Tennessee, Mississippl. Georgia, Alabama, Florida and Texas. In several of the Southern States, while there has been no formal fusion between the Republicans and Populists on State Legislatures and Congressimen, loval arrangements have been ressmen, local arrangements have be that amount to fusion and will have m

made that amount to fusion and will have more or less to do with the result.

The following States will elect Governors on November 3: Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New-Hampshire, New-York, North Carolina, North Dakota, South Dakota, Tennessee, Idaho, Illinois Missouri, Mortana, New-Hampshire, New-York, North Carolina, North Dakota, South Dakota, Tennessee, Idaho, Illinois Missouri, Missouri hington, West Virginia, Wisconsin

and South Carolina.

The following States will elect Legislatures:
California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware,
Idano, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky
Idano, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky
Idano, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missand, Miss souri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New-Hamp-shire, New-Jersey, New-York (part), North Carolina, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Scuth Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. Minnesota

M'KINLEYS ELECTION ASSURED.

BRYAN COULD CARRY EVERY DOUBTFUL STATE AND WOULD STILL BE BEATEN-A SOUND MONEY CONGRESS CERTAIN.

From The New York Herald.

"The Herald" predicts, after a careful canvass of every State in the United States, that William McKinley, ir., of Canton, Ohio, will be elected President on November 3 by a large majority of President on November 3 by a large majority of President on November 3 by a large majority of President on November 3 by a large majority of President on November 3 by a large majority of President on November 3 by a large majority of President on November 3 by a large majority of President on November 3 by a large majority of President of Pre From The New York Herald.

These States will give the candidate of the Demo-

These States will give the candidate of the Democratic party 134 votes.

The doubtful States are California, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Washington and Wyoming. These represent 65 votes.

Were Mr. Bryan to secure every one of these doubtful States Mr. McKinley would be still elected by a handsome and significant majority.

"The Herald" has also made a canvass of every Congress district a the country, and is able, therefore, to predict that the majority vote of the Fifty-fifth Congress will be for sound money and for the principles of the St. Louis platform. The number of Republicans who will take the oath at the beginning of the next session will be 224; Democrats, 127, and Populists, 6.

These totals may be reclassified into these proportions in advocacy of an honest financial policy of the Administration of the Government, or in support of the heresy which culminated in Chicago:

For sound money, 225 votes.

For free silver, 142 votes.

Inasmich as the present Senate shows that by the debate of the Dingley Bond bill in February the silver men had a majority, represented by the vote of 42 in favor of the free-silver substitute to 35 votes in opposition to 1t, the financial complexion of the next Senate is a problem of supreme importance to the country. Provided Mr. McKinley wins, "The Herald" is able to predict that there will be a strong majority in the Senate of 188 in favor of sound money. The poll stands as follows:

Republican holdovers, 27; Republicans already

there will be a strong majority in the Senate of 1888 in favor of sound money. The poll stands as follows:
Republican holdovers, 27; Republicans already elected, 4; Republican States which will certainly elect Republican Senators, 7.
Sound Money Democratic holdovers, 6.
Sound Money Democratic holdovers, 6.
Sound Money Senator from Kentucky, 1.
Republicans from States still debatable, 2.
Total, 48.
Total number of Senators, 20.
Concerning our own State, the Assembly of 1897 will include 115 Republicans and 35 Democrats. This will give the Republicans and 35 Democrats. This will give the Republicans and additional majority on a joint vote of the Legislature of 10 votes, excluding one Independent Republican in the Senate 1. Last year the Republicans had a majority of 37 votes; this year they will have a majority of 37 votes. This will undoubtedly assure the election of Thomas C. Platt to the United States Senate to succeed David B. Hill, whose term expires March 2 1897.

of Thomas C. Platt 13 the Chiles and to succeed David H. Hill, whose term expires March 2,187.

The Republicans will carry New-Jersey for Mr. McKinley by at least 20,050 votes. This majority is conceded by the Democrats. Its Congressional representation will be seven Republicans and one Democrat. The indications are also that the Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican. Connecticut will elect the Republican Fresidential electors by at least 44,050 plurality, and will roli up a majority of 30,000 for the Republican State ticket. Her four Congressmen will be Republicans, and the State Legislature will return Orville H. Platt to the United States Senate.

This canvass of the country by "The Herald" was conducted with absolute impartiality, its correspondents in every district being instructed not to accept under any circumstances partisan estimates. In a great number of instances the canvass was made by counties, and, where counties were regarded as doubtful, by townships. In this work "The Herald" was aided by "The Boston Herald," "The Atlanta Constitution, "The Boston Herald," of St. Louis, Mo.; "The Times-Herald," of New-Orleans, La; "The Globe-Democrat," of New-Orleans, La; "The Globe-Democrat," of San Francisco, Cal. Fach of these papers was as careful in the immartiality of the estimates it secured as was "The New-York Herald."

cupant of a high and honorable office, which, of LAST WEEK OF THE CANVASS | PRIMATE OF ALL ENGLAND.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD IN THIS CITY.

WORK IN THE VARIOUS DISTRICTS-COLONEL IN-

GERSOLL TO SPEAK THURSDAY NIGHT AT CARNEGIE HALL.

A sound-money mass-meeting, under the auspices of the John Murray Mitchell Campaign Committee, will be held at Cooper Union Wednesday evening. Ex-Judge Henry E. Howland will preside. The speakers will include General Herace Porter, Major John Byrne, president of the Democratic Sound Money League of America; Congressman John Murray ford, the poet-scout, and Congressman Philip B. Low. The doors will open at 7, and from 7 to 8, the hour at which the meeting begins, a band of music will play patriotic airs. Another other organizations, will leave the Washington Arch soon after, and will parade through the lower part of the city and will then march to Cooper Union. An outdoor meeting will also be held. Mr. Mitchell has established headquarters at James-st. and Park Row.

Charles Warren Lippitt, Governor of Rhode Island, will address the Dry Goods Republican Club, Broadway and Leonard-st., to-morrow, at

The camanign in the XIVth Congress District will be brought to a close by a mass-meeting which is to be held at Durland's Riding Academy, Sixtieth-st. and Western Boulevard, to-morrow evening, at S o'clock. This is to be the last of a series of meetings which the West Side Republican Club has been conducting in the district. The club has secured as speakers Chauncey M. Depew, who will open the meeting at So'clock sharp, to be followed by John Proctor Clarke and Congressman Quigg. Three eleven Assembly districts will attend in bodies, a parade composed of the delegations from the East Side will march across Fifty-ninth-st, and there will be a display of fireworks. Mr. Quizg's friends predict that he will be re-elected by a

Assembly District will have some good speaking at its mass-meeting to-morrow evening at Madison-ave, and One-hundred-and-fifth-st. The League has been conducting an active campaign.

166 Waverley Place, this evening. Bishop Derrick, the Rev. Ernest Lyon, John Murray Mitchell, candidate for Congress; Dr. T. T. B. Reed, Richard Van Cott, candidate for Assembly; W. R. Davis and Pierre Barguet are expected to be present. The Rev. R. D. Wynne will preside. There will be music by the Stand-

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll will speak or Thursday evening at Carnegie Hall. It will be the Colonel's first speech in New-York City since June, 1888. He will speak under the auspices of the McKinley League, which has been holding a series of meetings through the State, in Albany, Syracuse, Amsterdam, Corning, Hornellsville and other places. The League will close the oratorical part of its campaign on Thursday speaker. The Colonel has been on the stump in Illinois, where he has done the cause of McKinley and sound money immense service. Brief addresses will also be made by ex-Senator Warner Miller, Paul D. Cravath, Senator Frank D. Pavey and other speakers who have been

publican State headquarters yesterday were man from the Chemung district, and Senator shall be able to lift it to 5,000 for McKinley and thoroughly aroused that I have ever seen in those sections. Every day surprising gains are reported in every county I have been in More than three times the number of people come to Republican meetings than can get inside the meeting places. At Wolcott on Friday I spoke at the Opera House for an hour and a quarter. The house was jammed. When I fin-ished the people outside clamored for an exchange of places with those inside. The request was acceded to. The audience I had addressed withdrew and a new set of hearers came in, to whom I spoke for over an hour."

A large number of the Single Taxers who have refused to follow Henry George into the camp of Bryan and repudiation have issued a statement stating their position.

"We are," they say, "opposed to the public and private dishonesty that is involved in the payment of debts with the depreciated dollars that we believe would result from the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1." The list of signatures appended includes a number of those who have been prominent in the Single Tax movement. Among them are Thomas G. Shearman, of New-York; William Lloyd Garrison, of Boston; Bolton Smith, of Tennessee; Read Gordon, of New-Jersey; A. B. Farquhar, of York, Penn.; E. O. Roscoe, of Brooklyn, and Preble Tucker and Alfred Bishop Mason, of this city.

AN ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED. The appoundement is made of the engagement of

Miss Helen W. Smith, only daughter of Commodore James D. Smith of the New-York Yacht Club, to Homer T. Cummings, of the law firm of Fessenden Carter & Cummings, of Stamford, Conn., where Mr Smith has his country home. Miss Smith is a popular and accomplished young woman, who has been in society for several years. While her father is a stanch Republican, the prospective son-in-law embraced the faith of Bryan this fall, and was nominated for Secretary of State on the silver Democracy's ticket in Connecticut.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

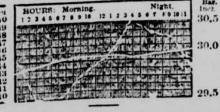
VESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO DAY'S FORECAST. Washington, Oct. 25.—The barometer has risen from New-Ehgland southwestward to the east Guif States, and from Minnesota westward to the Pacific coast. It has fallen slowly over the upper lake region, and thence southwestward to Colorado and New-Mexico. The weather continues fair in all districts, but local showers are reported from the Guif coast. It is cooler on the Atlantic coast and warmer in the central valleys and take region. Warmer generally fair weather will prevail from New-England and the middle Atlantic coast to the Mississippi Valley.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, generally fair and warmer, westerly winds, shifting to southerry.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia, generally fair, warmer, easterly to southerly winds.

For Western New York and Western Pennsylvania, fair weather; warmer; iresh southerly to westerly winds.

TRIBUNE LCCAL OBSERVATIONS. HOURS: Morning. Night, 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11



Tribune Office. Oct. 20. 1 a. m.—The weather yester-day was fair and cool. The temperature ranged between 40 and 50 degrees, the average (44% degrees) being 5% lower than that of Saturday and 6% lower than that of the corresponding day of last year. The weather to-day will be fair and warmer.

Hélène of Montenegro, which took place in Rome yesterday, connects the incident with an English in-THE RIGHT REV. DR. TEMPLE TO BE HE IS BISHOP OF LONDON AND THE AUTHOR OF

resterday, connects the incident with an English intrigue whose object is to isolate Germany and cause the withdrawal of Italy from the Dreibund. Maximilian Harden, writing to the "Zukunft," says that the Dreibund is now only an external semblance of an alliance. Germany, he says, cannot reckon upon her allies, as she knows full well that Russia may at any moment give her assent to the scheme of an enemy (France) frantic for revenge.

The "Zukunft." in its comments upon the communication, traces the present position of Germany back to the policy of the Emperor and his Chancellor, General von Caprivi of disrupting that of Prince Rismarck and endeavoring to conciliate Russia. The "Berliner Tageblatt," criticising Prince Bismarck's communications to the "Hamburger Nachrichten," the ex-Chancellor's personal organ, upon the origin of the entente between Russia and France, charges the Prince with having used his influence to discredit the Government of the Kaiser before the world, and suggests that the time has come when it is imperative that the current disclosures and criticisms adverse to the real interests of Germany should be stopped. Dean of the Chapels Royal, has been appointed

ROUND ABOUT EUROPE.

ALLEGED ARREST OF A UNITED STATES VICE-CONSUL IN MANILA.

Isi2 as a double first-class. He was elected fellow and mathematical tutor of his college, and, having been ordained in 1846, was appointed principal of the Training College at Kneller Hall, near Twickenham, in 1848. This post he resigned in 1855, and having held an inspectorship of schools during the interval, was appointed, on the resignation of Dr. Goulburn, in 1858, head master of Rugby school. Dr. Temple, who was a chaplain to the Queen, gained some notoriety in 1860 as the author of the first of the seven "Essays and Reviews," which caused so much controversy soon after their appearance. At the general election of 1868 Dr. Temple took an active part in Warwickshire in support of Mr. Gladstone's measure for the disestablishment of the Irish Church, and the Premier nominated him to the Bishopric of Exeter, in succession to the late Dr. Philpotts—an appointment which caused considerable commotion in clerical circles. The confirmation of Dr. Temple's election took place December 8, 1869, at the Church of St. Maryle-Bow, Cheapside, when Bishop Trower, as the representative of a portion of the clergy who were opposed to Dr. Temple, because he was the author of once of the "Essays and Reviews," instructed counsel to oppose the election. Counsel was accordingly heard on both sides, and Dr. Temple's election was confirmed by the Vicar-General, Dr. Temple received Episcopal consecration at Westmuster, December 21, 1869, together with the Elshops-elect of Bath and Wells and of the Falkana Islands. Dr. Temple published "Sermons Preached in Rugby Chapel in 1885-60" in 1861. In April, 1883, he was elected Bampton Lecturer at Oxford for the ensuing year. On the death of Dr. Jackson in January, 1885, Dr. Temple was appointed Bishop of London, and was succeeded at Exeter by Dr. Bickersteth. fran citizen named Coilins, who is asserted to hold the office of Vice-Consul of the United States at Manila, was among the 400 Free Masons arrested as suspeets on August 23 and thrown into prison on the charge of being concerned in the insurrection of the Philippine Islands. The evidence against Mr. Collins is said to be particularly strong, and he is declared to be one of the principal organizers and leaders of the revolution. The latter has now extended to all points of the 1,200 Islands that constitute the archipelago, and the Captain-General, Blanco, is practically shut up with is held by 2,600 Spanish troops, constituting the entire tion of the native army, consisting of 18,000 men, has whose warrry is not merely "Down with the taxes! is in the case of former risings, but "Down with Spain!" Captain-General Blanco is likely to be shortly AS VIEWED BY GERMANY. shai Martinez Campos, Imbued with humane and iberal instincts, he is strongly averse to the meas-CURIOUS EDITORIAL COMMENTS ON THE during the last two months under peremptory orders Cuba, he does not hesitate to express the opinion that the people of the Philippine Islands have grave cause for complaint and are burdened with numerous bitter wrongs that cry for redress. He is understood to favor a policy of compromise and concliation, but is opposed in this particular by the local elergy and by the ultra-conservative members of the Government in Madrid.

> to all the leading German steamship lines to the effect that in future all steamships owned by ompanies in the receipt of State subsidies must be constructed in German shipyards. This is a serious blow for English shipbuilders, who have hitherto built nearly all the vessels belonging to the lines running out of Bremen and Hamburg.

> Although arrangements have already be for providing Mr. Gladstone with a seat in Parliament, the Liberal member for an absolutely safe Midland constituency having agreed to retire in favor of the Grand Old Man, who shows a disposition to treat the proposal quite seriously, yet domestic influences are too strongly opposed to the project to admit of its realization. Moreover, the project to admit of its realization. Moreover, the shock suffered by the aged statesman in connec-tion with the tragically sudden death of his friend, the Archbishop of Canterbury, makes it only too clear that these influences are exerted for his un-questioned benefit.

British Government to succeed Lord Elgin as Vice-roy of India. Lord Onslow is at the present mo-ment Under Secretary of State for India, and was formerly Governor of New-Zealand.

ponents, to fight against the so-called candidate throughout Europe by the Czur's appointment of Baron Alexander Uexkull to the post of Deputy and ce-Minister of the Interior. of political campaigns to see the Democrats of of the most conspicuous leaders of the Liberal party in the Muscovite Empire, is president of the Synod of the Lutheran Church in Russia, and has always taken a prominent part in everything calculated to promote the educational and intellectual desclorations. the Eastern States standing up for McKinley, ctrine of a high protective tariff which they "Vossische," quoting from the New-York "Handels Zeitung" in regard to the platform upon which Mr. Bryan is making his campaign, pro-

In an official report just published in London Mr which Mr. Bryan is making his campaign, pro-ceeds to argue that neither the principle of the currency nor that of the tariff especially in-spires Mr. Bryan and his followers, who, the paper says, simply strive to carry themselves along the old lines of belief that the spoils be-long to the victors. The article ends by saying that neither the victory of McKiniey nor the success of Bryan can ultimately affect the eco-nomic movement in the United States, which defunchal. Typhold fever has for some time past been prevalent in the proportion of an epidemic and is ascribed by experts entirely to the drinking that neither the victory of McKinley nor the success of Bryan can ultimately affect the economic movement in the United States, which depends upon causes far beyond the struggle which is now taking place between the great political parties of America. This may be true, but the "Vossische" ventures nothing in saying so.

It is reported that a "The supply instead of being brought from the hills in pipes, runs down in open gutters with the inevitable result that the latter are used in the "Vossische" ventures nothing in saying so. Consul for the Island of Madeira, warns tourists

A FORCED TAX FROM ITS SUBJECTS TO ARM THE MOSLEM POPULACE OBJECTED TO BY THE POWERS.

manufacturers, and negotiations are being made manufacturers, and negotiations are being made with a view of connecting the organization with the Austrian and Russian sugar trusts. The "Freisinnige Zeitung." in an article announcing the proposed formation of this ring, characterizes the scheme as a gross outrage, having for its object the exploitation of consumers in an attempt to cement an oppressive German sugar monopoly. The scheme, the "Zeitung" says, must be suppressed at all hazards. London, Oct. 25 - "The Telegraph" will to-morro publish a dispatch from Constantinople saying that the dragomans of the embassies of the six great Powers have together attended the Porte on behalf of the embassles, conveying a joint note calling for the withdrawal of the Imperial Irade decreeing a forced levy of from 5 to 23 plastres each upon 12,000. 600 subjects, with a view to arming the Moslem popu-

PLEADING FOR IRISH PRISONERS.

Germany, gave a dinner this week, at which were included in the list of guests Edwin F. Uhl, A LARGE MEETING UNDER THE AUSPICES United States Ambassador; Count Lanza di Busca, Italian Ambassador; Freiherr Marshall OF THE IRISH NATIONAL AMNESTY ASSOCIATION.

The meeting which was held last night in the Grand Opera House, Twenty-third-st, and Eighthon Bieberstein, German Minister of Foreign Affairs, and J. B. Jackson, first secretary of the Affairs, and J. B. Jackson, first secretary of the American Embassy, and Miss Jackson. Mrs. Uhl and Miss Lucy Uhl were also present. Ambassador Uhl also gave a dinner to Lieutenant C. E. Vreeland, the retiring naval attaché, and Mrs. Vreeland previous to their departure for home. The guests included Lieutenant Niblack, Lieutenant Vreeland's successor; the members of the staff of the Embassy, Mr. Chapman Coleman, formerly American Secretary of Legation: Professor Guy Thompson, of Yale College, who is engaged to be married to Miss Uhl, and Baron de Grancey, naval attaché to the French Embassy. ave., under the auspices of the Irish National Amnesty Association, to protest against the brutallties to which Dr. Thomas Gallagher, George Albert Whitehead and other Irish-American political prisoners were subjected in English prisons, was largely attended. The platform was filled with repre-sentative Irishmen. The Irish National Alliance, the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the 69th Regiment, the Hibernian Rifles and the various Irish county organizations sent delegations to the meete until the speechmaking began by playing Irish airs.

veterinary expert, who some time ago went to Justice Morgan J. O'Brien presided. "We have assembled here to-night," said the teterinary expert, who some the mare Bethel, the United States to examine the mare Bethel, Justice "as American citizens to enter our protest against the barbarity and cruelty that have been introtting races by Bob Kneebs, the American | flicted upon Irish political prisoners. For years we flicted upon Irish political prisoners. For years we heard rumors in this country that the ordinary treatment accorded to prisoners was changed with respect to those who had been convicted of political offences, and that many of them had been driven to the verge of insanity. These reports were treated as idle until the arrival of Dr. Gallagher and Mr. White head, who came to this country with shattered reason and health broken down, after their release from potson.

tence of nine months' imprisonment and still in jall awaiting the hearing of his appeal from the judgment of the Court against him, has returned from his mission. Professor Eggeling has made his report to the Central Criminal Court, as the result of his examination of the horse, and a rehearing of Kneebs's case will be held shortly. Kneebs is not in good health, and his friends are conting court of fort to procure a speedy hearing. head, who came to this country with shattered reason and health broken down, after their release from prison.

"The President of the United States took prompt action in the Venezuela matter a short time ago, and told England that she should keep her hands off that country I say that the principle involved in Venezuela was not so great as that involved here. 6The Venezuela question concerned land; the question here involves the cause of liberty and humanity."

A number of letters and telegrams were then read by the secretary from persons who could not attend. Among those who sent their regrets were Justice Gaynor, of Brooklyn; John C. Sheehan, Edward Lauterbach, Joseph J. O'Donohue, Justice Roger A. Pryor, Justice McAdam, Colonel Fred D. Grant and Amos J. Cummings. They all expressed sympathy with the objects of the meeting, and Colonel Smith, of the 69th Regiment, sent a check for \$25 with his letter.

The secretary, John E. Sullivan, then read the resolutions denouncing England for the treatment inflicted on the prisoners and calling upon this Government to protest against it. They were unanimously adopted.

Judge John Henry McCarthy was the first speaker. His remarks were loudly applauded. He spaker. His remarks were loudly applauded. He was followed by Assistant District-Attorney John F. McIntyre, who made an eloquent address, in which he spoke of the justice of Ireland's demand for freedom.

The Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn also addressed the meeting, and received a most enthusiastic greeting. THE BRIDAL COUPLE AT THE PANTHEON.

which he spoke of the justice of Ireland's demand for freedom.

The Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn also addressed the meeting, and received a most enthuslastic greeting. "We are here to-night," said he, "to plead for the most helpless of men. The tramp and the pauper are princes in their freedom compared with the prisoners who are in the clatches of the law. But take it that this meeting is not a defiance of Great Britain. We are met here in the interests of conciliation, and rather to remonstrate and expostulate, and request the liberation of the Irish-American prisoners in British prisons, than to defy. "This meeting is not held for the purpose of induging in the somewhat harmless practice of twisting the British lion's tail. It is not a revolutionary or political meeting. This meeting is simply for the purpose of securing the release of the prisoners. The Doctor said that the Irish Catholic clergy

were in favor of the movement, and the

EFFECT OF THE RESULT ON MISSIONS.

SUBSCRIBERS AT DR. MACARTHUR'S CHURCH DE CLARE THAT THEY WILL HAVE TO CUT THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS IN TWO

IF BRYAN IS ELECTED. There was a collection in Calvary Baptist Church yesterday for the benefit of city missions, and nearly \$3,600 was subscribed. These contributions, in most cases, were made on condition that Mc-Kinley should be elected President of the United States, but the contributors declared that if Bryan should be chosen they would cut the amount

Dr. MacArthur, the pastor, said yesterday: "I have had men who put down their names for \$100 if McKinley should be elected and \$50 in the event If McKinley should be elected and \$50 in the event of Bryan's success. I think this is one of the most striking things that has happened during the whole of this campaign. These were business men, who understand the value of money, and they declare their full contributions are made conditional on the success of McKinley. I do not know the exact amount that was made conditional, but we collected nearly \$5,000, and a large part of it was given under the conditions I mention. If Bryan is elected, you see, the missions will have their revenue cut one-half, and the cause of religion will be hampered and interiered with. This is one of the most potent arguments in favor of the election of McKinley that has come to my attention."

If you find a cold creeping on, keep a bottle of Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant near at hand, and take a little dose occasionally. It will relieve at once, and

MARRIED.

HAYWARD—MARTIN—On Thursday, October 22, at the home of the bride, by the Rev. Thomas McKee Brown, Phoebe Camela, daughter of the late John C. and Mary J. Martin, to Dr. J. Kilbourn Hayward, Jr., of Port au Prince, Hayti, son of J. K. and the late Emmeline Place Hayward. SELINGER-BROWN-On Sunday, October 25, 1896, the Rev. Raphael Benjamin, M. A., Betsey Brown Abe Seinger.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be dorsed with full name and address.

DIED.

BARTON-At Upper New-Rochelle, N. Y., on Friday, October 23, 1806, S. Purdy Barton.
Funeral services at his late residence on Tuesday, October 27, at 12:30 p. m.
Carriages will be in waiting at New-Rochelle, N. T., on arrival of 11:03 a. m. train from Grand Central Depot.

BRADSTREET On Saturday, October 24, Henry Brad-street, son of the late J. M. and Margaret Bradstreet. Relatives and friends, also members of the Teath Com-pany, 7th Regiment, Veteran Association, are invited to attend the funeral services at the Murray Hill Hotel, em Monday, October 28, at 4 o'clock p. m. Interment at Greenwood on Tuesday. Interment as Greenwood on Tuesday.

Veterans of the 7th Regiment are requested to attend
the funeral service of Henry Bradstreet, Tenth Company,
at the Murray Hill Hotel on Monday, October 28, 1886, at
4 o'clock p. m. L. G. WOODHOUSE, Colonel.
DONALDSON—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., October 26,
1898, John Donaldson, in his 46th year.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral
from his late residence, No. 152 Summit-ave., Mount
Vernon, Tuesday, October 27, at 11 o'clock a. m.
GAREY—At Tremont, New-York City, Saturday, October

Friday morning, October 16, 1826, in the flat year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at No. 209 West 129th-st, on Tuesday evening, 27th inst., at 8 o'clock.

MAVERICK—Suddenly, on Saturday evening, October 24, Clarkson Maverick, Puneral services at his late residence, No. 144 West 64th-st., at 1:30 p. m. Monday, October 25, Richard Power Saiter, in the 62d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, No. 207 West 118th-st., on Tuesday, October 27, at 8 o'clock p. m. Interment at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

New Orleans and European papers please copy.

SMITH—Lella Peabody, beloved wife of J. Trumbull Smith, at her residence, Waldwick, Bergen County, N. J., October 25, 1896.

Funeral spivate.

THERERATH—On Sunday morning, October 25, at \$250.

Interment in Fairmount Cemetery.

WINTHROP—At Far Rockaway, L. I., on Friday, October 23. Henry Rogers Winthrop, in the 86th year of his age.

Relatives and frends of the family are invited to attend his funeral at the Church of the Transfiguration on Monday. October 26, at 8.30 a. m.

WOODLAWN CRMETERT.
Office No. 20 E. 23d-st.
Woodlawn Station (24th Ward) Harlem Railroad.

Special Notices.

Artificial Teeth.—HIGHEST AWARD at World's Fair, also three meda's American Institute, were granted Dr. Deans, Dentils: 404 Lexington-ave., corner 45th-st. Expres ion restored. Crown and bridge work. Specialty, artificial teeth.

Personal,—Will the party with whom Harlow C. Perry, of Hoston, Mass, deposited promissory notes and papers or value in the autumn of 1803, for safe keeping, please communicate with the Administrator of his estate, with the view of having them restored to the rightful owner? Picase address ADMINISTRATOR, Box 116,

Mrs. McElrath's home-made preserves, jelles, pick-les, &c., put up in glass. Orders received 393 Degraw-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Exclude the Cold,—Use Roebuck's weather strips on door and windows. For sale or applied by Roebuck, 172 Fulton-st., N. Y., and 1tth-st. & Hamilton-av., B'klys.

Postoffice Notice.

Exclude the Cold.—Ise Roebuck's weather strips on door and windows. For sale or applied by Roebuck, 172 Fulion-st., N. Y., and lath-st. & Hamilton-av., Fidya.

Postoffice Notice.

Foreign mails for the week ending October 31 will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows:

TRANSATIANTIC MAILS.

TIESDAY—At 7 a. in, for Europe, per s. s. "Lahn, via Southampton and Seemen.

WEDNESDAY—At 3 New York, via Southampton; at 9 a. m. for Germanic, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium direct, per s. s. Westernland, via Antwerp (ietters must be directed "per Westernland").

THURSDAY—At 7 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Normania, via Flymouth. Cherbours and face, per s. s. Normania, via Flymouth. Cherbours and face, with the protugal, Turkey, Explane. Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Explane. Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Vallender, Norway (Cristalania) and Russia, per s. s. Saac, via Bremen detters must be directed "per s. s. Massdam, via Rotterdam detters must be directed "per Saale"; at 7 a. m. (supplementary 9.30 a. m., for Europe, per s. s. Berlin, via Southampton (or Genous, per s. s. Werra (letters must be directed "per Werra"; at 8 a. m. (supplementary 9.30 a. m., for Furkey, Per s. s. Merra (letters must be directed "per s. s. Merra (letters must be directed "per s. s. Merra (letters must be directed "per s. s. Merra (letters for other parts of Europe, etc., for other parts of Europe, etc., for other parts of Europe, etc., for other parts of Europe, and the seamer

timess specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, closes at this office daily at 7 a.m. Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Papetit (from San Frartace), close here daily up to October 25 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per a. a. Coptic (from San Frarcices), close here daily up to October 28 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per a. s. Victoria (from Tacoma), close here daily up to October 28 at 0:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per a. s. Victoria (from Tacoma), close here daily up to October 43 at 0:30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except West Australia). Hawaii and Fiji Islands, per a. s. Minowera (from Vancouver), close here daily up to November 10 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per a. a. Empress of Japan (from Vancouver), close here daily up to November 2 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Hawaii, per s. a. Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to November 4 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europe), New-Zealand, Hawaii, Fiji and Samoan Islands per s. s. Monowai (from San Francisco), close here daily up to November 7 at 7:30 a. m. Il a. m. and 6:30 p. m. (or on arrival at New-York of s. s. Umbria with British mails for Australia.)

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of salling daily, and the schedue of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. [Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

CHARLES W. DAYTON, Poetmaster.

A SCHEME TO ISOLATE GERMANY. HOW THE BISMARCKIAN ORGANS VIEW THE ALIJANCE BETWEEN ITALY AND MONTENE-GRO-AN ENGLISH INTRIGUE. Berlin, Oct. 25,-The Bismarckian newspaper organs in their comments upon the marriage of the Prince of Naples, Crown Prince of Italy, to Princess

Rome, Oct. 25.-The Prince of Naples and his bride went this morning to the Pantheon and placed a wreath upon the tomb of King Victor Emmanuel, grandfather of the Prince. The streets were crowded with people, who had come from various parts of the with people, who had come from country to witness the wedding pageant yesterday, and the newly married couple were enthusiastically acclaimed as they drove from the Quirinal to the Panaccialmed as they drove from the Quincial theon.

This afternoon the Crown Prince and Crown Princess gave a reception at the Quirinal to the Syndies of the various Italian towns who came to Rome to present congratulatory addresses to them.

In the evening the diplomatists and their wives were presented to the Prince and Princess and were invited to attend a dinner at the Court to-morrow.

According to advices received in Madrid, an Amer-